

## Sugar & E Coli: Diseases of the Nervous System

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### Abstract

This paper shows that various nervous system diseases result from excess sugar and stress. The body becomes acidic from excess sugar. Previous paper examines each of the primary diseases in detail. This paper combines the diseases to come up with one chemical equation for them.

**Key words:** Neurotransmitters; Caffeine; Melatonin; Hydrogen Peroxide; HSV-1; Parkinson's; Schizophrenia; ALS; Alzheimer's, Cancer

### Introduction

In this paper, we attempt to develop one chemical equation that provides insight into the causes of Parkinson's; Schizophrenia; ALS, AD, and Cancer. There is such an equation that leads to these diseases. The key chemical compounds are methylene (carbene) and hydroxylamine. Carbene is highly reactive as well. Hydroxylamine reacts with HCl to yield Ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>); Hydroxide (OH<sup>-</sup>) and Chlorine (Cl<sub>1</sub>) and water.

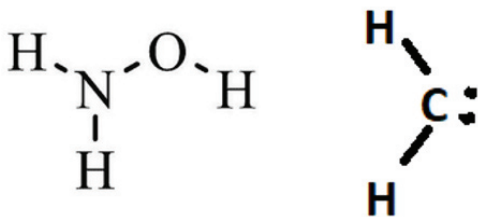
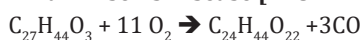
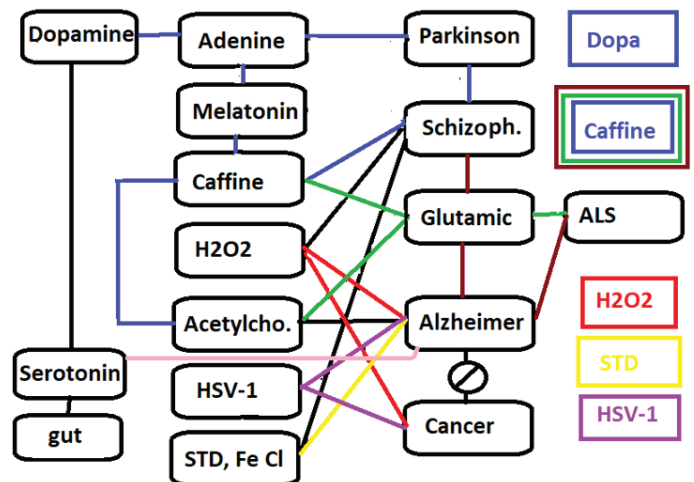
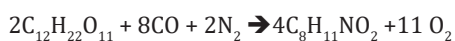


Figure 1: Hydroxylamine & Carbene

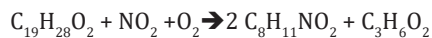
#### 1. Parkinson's Disease [BLUE LINE]



VITAMIND COLDCLIMATE 2 SUGARS NERVE TOXIN



SUGAR ANTIOXIDANT DOPAMINE RECYCLED ABOVE



Testosterone DOPAMINE + Propionic Acid

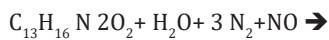
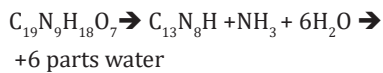
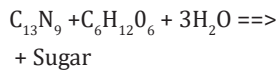
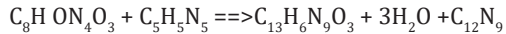
Low Dopamine leads to Parkinson's Disease.

#### 2. Adenine; Melatonin; and Caffeine [ BLUE LINES] / Hydrogen Peroxide [RED LINE] & Acetylcholine [GREEN LINE]



CHOLETESROL + CEREBROSIDE + OYYGEN + ACETYLCHOLINE →  
CARBON MONOXIDE+SULPHATE+HYDROGEN PEROIXIDE.

### Caffine and Adenine

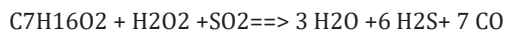


### Melatonin

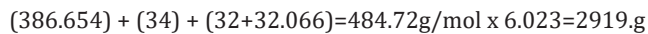
Melatonin leads to a small pineal gland which is a sign of schizophrenia. Patients with Schizophrenia have high DOPAMINE, whereas those with Parkinson's have low DOPAMINE.

### 3. Acetylcholine & Hydrogen Peroxide [GREEN LINE]

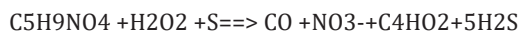
The chemical equations might look like this:



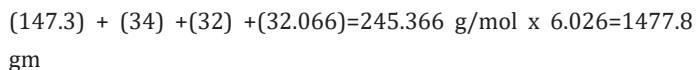
ACETYCHLOINE + Hydrogen Peroxide + Oxygen ==> Water + Hydrogen+ Nerve Ion.



Add:



Glutamate + Toxin ==> Pr ion + Pr ion + Flavouring +Pr ion



Ach. stimulates receptors at the neuromuscular junction of the skeletal muscles.



CHOLETESROL + CEREBROSIDE + OYYGEN + ACETYCHLOINE →  
CARBON MONOXIDE+SULPHATE+HYDROGEN PEROIXIDE.

**Caffeine and acetylcholine lead to high glutamic acid which leads to ALS. Melatonin and caffeine damage the Adenine which leads to genetic schizophrenia.**

### 4. Iron and Sodium Chloride [YELLOW LINES]

High IRON AND SALT Water Ferrous Chloride + Sodium Hydroxide (Low Blood Pressure)

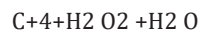
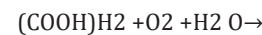
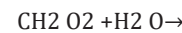
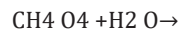
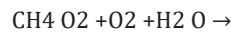
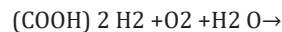
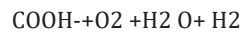


### HYDROCHLORIC ACID (Cl-)

**High Iron and high sodium chloride lead to schizophrenia. Oral Microbiology STD plus iron and chlorine leads to eye trouble and Alzheimer's Disease.**

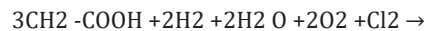
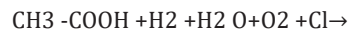
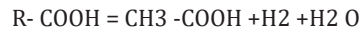
### 5. Cancer and Hydrogen Peroxide [RED LINE]

Lipids =Fatty Acids COOH



Carbon Ion + HYDROGEN PEROXIDE + Water

Carboxylic Acid

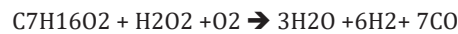


**Hydrogen Peroxide leads to cancer.**

### 6. Limbic System: Papez Circuit [BLACK LINE]



CHOLETESROL + CEREBROSIDE + OYYGEN + ACETYLCHOLINE →  
CARBON MONOXIDE+SULPHATE+HYDROGEN PEROIXIDE.



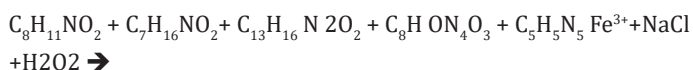
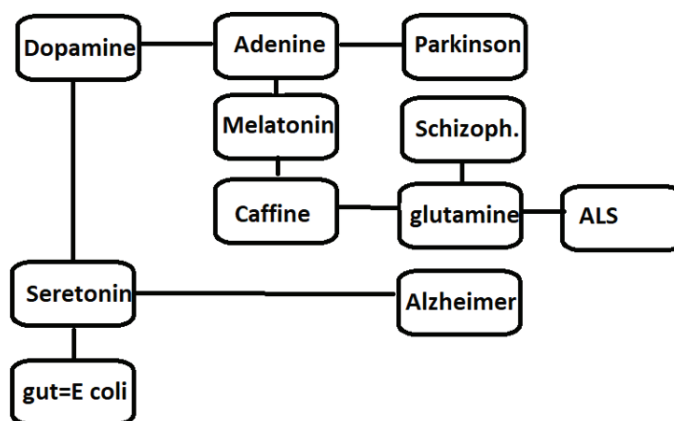
Acetylcholine + Hydrogen Peroxide + Oxygen → Water + Hydrogen (g) + Nerve Ion

Acetylcholine and Hydrogen Peroxide leads to Schizophrenia and Alzheimer's disease.

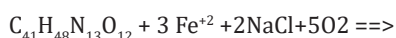
### Summary:

- Low Dopamine leads to Parkinson's Disease. Serotonin regulate dopamine.
- Melatonin leads to a small pineal gland which is a sign of schizophrenia. Patients with Schizophrenia have high dopamine, whereas those with Parkinson's have low dopamine.

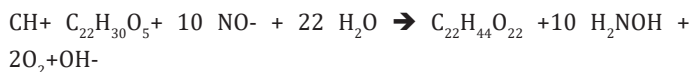
- Caffeine and acetylcholine lead to high glutamic acid which leads to ALS. Patients with ALS sometimes have frontal lobe AD.
- Melatonin and caffeine damage the Adenine which leads to genetic schizophrenia.
- High Iron and high sodium chloride lead to schizophrenia. Oral Microbiology STD plus iron and chlorine leads to eye trouble and Alzheimer's Disease. Serotonin is involved in memory, thus Alzheimer's disease.
- Hydrogen Peroxide leads to cancer.
- Acetylcholine and Hydrogen Peroxide leads to Schizophrenia and Alzheimer's disease.



Dopa. + Ach. + Melatonin + Caffeine and Adenine+ Iron and Chlorine + Hydrogen Peroxide →



Methylene (Carbene) Hydroxylamine



**Carbene +Cortisol (Stress) Sugar Hydroxylamine**

The excess sugar makes the bodily system acidic.

Throughout the body, excess sugar is harmful. Even a single instance of elevated glucose in the bloodstream can be harmful to the brain, resulting in slowed cognitive function and deficits in memory and attention. Some research suggests high sugar consumption causes inflammation in the brain, leading to memory difficulties.

<https://www.verywellmind.com/how-sugar-affects-the-brain-4065218>

Since we have excess sugar, a polysaccharide, perhaps the culprit is a bacterium. There are three possible bacteria viz E. Coli; Anthrax; or Cholera. Of these Enterobacteriaceae, the only one that survives an acidic environment is E Coli.

$$amu = (14.016 + 362.46 + 30.006 + 396.33) = 1072.866$$

$$1072.866 \times 6.026 = 6461.87 \text{ g}$$

$$6461.87 \text{ g} \times 0.994 \text{ g/mole of blood} = 65.008 \text{ moles}$$

Normal pH=7.35-7.45 Say 7.4

$$pH = \ln [H^+]$$

$$e^{-7.4} = 6.1125$$

[H<sup>+</sup>]=moles of H<sup>+</sup>/moles of solute

$$6.1125 = \text{Mol of H}^+ / 6500$$

$$\text{Mol of H}^+ = 3973$$

$$H^+ = 1.008 \text{ g/mol} \times 4 \text{ moles} = 4.00 = |D|$$

$$4.00 \times 6.023 = 24120.8$$

$$e^{0.241208} = 127.3 = 4/\pi = \rho$$

Moles of Sugar:

$$C_{22}H_{44}O_{22} = 660.33 \text{ g/mol} \times 6.023 = 397.716 \text{ g} \sim 4 \text{g of Sugar}$$

=Moles of H<sup>+</sup>

$$H^+ 1.008 \text{ g/mol} \times 397.716 = 4.008977 \sim 4.00 \text{g of H}^+$$

### Conclusion

We see that when we consider these various diseases of the nervous system together, chemically, we yield two volatile highly reactive compounds. Combine these with stress and excess sugar, and disease results. These compounds could be the underlying causes of these diseases.

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